

Mathcad file for estimates of electron cooling of RHIC beams and its effects on the luminosity of electron - nucleon and (to be added) nucleon-nucleon collisions in RHIC. The file has been written by Vitaly Yakimenko and Ilan Ben-Zvi, BNL, with contributions from Vasily Parkhomchuk, BINP

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This is work in progress. Current version September 6, 2000

Define:

Gold := "Gold"

Proton := "Proton"

Choose ion for the calculation:

Ion := Gold

Speed of light [m/s]:

$$c := 2.998 \cdot 10^8$$

Electron charge [Coulomb]:

$$q := 1.6022 \cdot 10^{-19}$$

$$mc^2 := 0.511 \cdot 10^6$$

Electron rest mass [eV]

$$Mc^2 := 938.28 \cdot 10^6$$

Proton rest mass [eV]

Classical radius of electron [m]:

$$r_e := 2.818 \cdot 10^{-15}$$

Classical radius of proton [m]:

$$r_p := r_e \cdot \frac{mc^2}{Mc^2}$$

Bolzmann's constant [eV/K]:

$$k := \frac{1.381 \cdot 10^{-23}}{1.602 \cdot 10^{-19}}$$

Velocity /c as a function of g:

$$\beta(\gamma) := \sqrt{1 - \gamma^{-2}}$$

$$\epsilon_0 := 8.842 \times 10^{-12}$$

Atomic number of the ion

$$A := \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if Ion = Proton} \\ 197 & \text{if Ion = Gold} \end{cases}$$

$$A = 197$$

Charge of the ion

$$Z := \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if Ion = Proton} \\ 79 & \text{if Ion = Gold} \end{cases}$$

$$Z = 79$$

Ion energy per nucleon [GeV/AMU]

$$E_{nuc} := \begin{cases} 250 & \text{if Ion = Proton} \\ 100 & \text{if Ion = Gold} \end{cases}$$

Ion beam energy [GeV]:

$$E_i := E_{nuc} \cdot A$$

$$\gamma_i := \frac{E_{nuc}}{0.938}$$

$$\gamma_i = 106.61$$

Electron beam energy [GeV]:

$$E_e := 10$$

$$\gamma_e := \frac{E_e}{0.000511}$$

$$\gamma_e = 1.957 \times 10^4$$

Number of ions per bunch:

$$N_i := \begin{cases} 2 \cdot 10^{11} & \text{if Ion = Proton} \\ 2 \cdot 10^9 & \text{if Ion = Gold} \end{cases}$$

Number of Electrons per bunch:

$$N_e := 3 \cdot 10^{10}$$

$$Q := q \cdot N_e$$

$$Q \cdot 10^9 = 4.807$$

Ions emittance, rms, [m*rad]

$$\epsilon_i := \begin{cases} 3.25 \cdot 10^{-9} & \text{if Ion = Proton} \\ 2.4 \cdot 10^{-8} & \text{if Ion = Gold} \end{cases}$$

$$\epsilon_{in} := \epsilon_i \cdot \gamma_i$$

$$\epsilon_{in} = 2.559 \times 10^{-6}$$

Electron's emittance [m*rad]

$$\epsilon_e := 3 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$$\epsilon_{en} := \epsilon_e \cdot \gamma_e$$

$$\epsilon_{en} = 5.871 \times 10^{-5}$$

Ion beam energy spread

$$\delta_i := 4 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

Ion beam length [m]

$$\sigma_i := \begin{cases} 0.1 & \text{if Ion = Proton} \\ 0.2 & \text{if Ion = Gold} \end{cases}$$

Electron Beam length [m]

$$\sigma_e := 0.1$$

Bunch spacing [m]

$$l := \frac{3834}{360}$$

$$l = 10.65$$

Single bunch area (longitudinal, in eV s/A):

$$\frac{\sigma_i}{\beta(\gamma_i) \cdot c} \cdot 10^9 \cdot E_{nuc} \cdot \delta_i = 0.027$$

b - functions of ions at interaction point [m]:

$$\beta_i := \begin{cases} 0.36 \frac{\epsilon_{in}}{10^{-6}} & \text{if Ion = Proton} \\ 0.36 \frac{\epsilon_{in}}{10^{-6}} & \text{if Ion = Gold} \end{cases}$$

The idea is to keep sigma prime star constant
Tunes :

$$v_x := 28.1\ell$$

$$v_y := 29.1\ell$$

Circumference [m]:

$$C := 383\ell$$

Dispersion in m

$$D_x := 0.60\ell$$

Set beam sizes to be equal:

$$\beta_e := \frac{\beta_i \cdot \epsilon_i}{\epsilon_e}$$

$$\beta_e = 7.369$$

RMS beam size of electrons and ions at IP

$$\sqrt{\epsilon_i \cdot \beta_i} = 1.487 \times 10^{-4}$$

Cooler parameters:

Beam charge[Coulomb]:

$$Q_c := \begin{cases} 10 \cdot 10^{-9} & \text{if Ion = Proton} \\ 10 \cdot 10^{-9} & \text{if Ion = Gold} \end{cases}$$

Cooling length [m]

$$l_c := 3\ell$$

$$B := 1.$$

Cooler field (Tesla)

$$\beta_{ic} := 6\ell$$

beta-function of ion beam in the cooling region [m]:

$$R_- := \frac{C}{2 \cdot \pi}$$

Averages:

$$R_- = 610.2$$

$$\beta_{ih_-} := \frac{R_-}{v_x}$$

$$\beta_{ih_-} = 21.654$$

$$\beta_{iv_-} := \frac{R_-}{v_y}$$

$$\beta_{iv_-} = 20.912$$

$$\eta_{i_-} := \frac{R_-}{v_x^2}$$

$$\eta_{i_-} = 0.768$$

Average horizontal betatron size

$$\sigma_{ih} := \sqrt{\epsilon_i \cdot \beta_{ih_-}}$$

$$\sigma_{ih} = 7.209 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\sigma_{iv} := \sqrt{\epsilon_i \cdot \beta_{iv}}_+$$

$$\sigma_{iv} = 7.084 \times 10^{-4}$$

Average vertical betatron size (m)

Hour-glass reduction factor:

$$F(\zeta) := \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \cdot \int_0^{10} \frac{\exp(-s^2)}{1 + \zeta^2 \cdot s^2} ds$$

$$F\left(\frac{\sigma_i}{\beta_i}\right) = 0.978$$

$$F\left(\frac{\sigma_e}{\beta_e}\right) = 1$$

Ion = "Gold"

Ion - ion luminosity [cm**-2 sec**-2]:

$$LI := \frac{c \cdot N_i^2 \cdot 10^{-4}}{1 \cdot 4 \cdot \pi \cdot \beta_i \cdot \epsilon_i} \cdot F\left(\frac{\sigma_e}{\beta_e}\right)$$

$$LI = 4.053 \times 10^{28}$$

Electron - ion luminosity (assuming same IP beam size for electrons and ions):

Short bunch Luminosity[cm^-2 s^-1]:

$$L_0 := \frac{c \cdot N_i \cdot N_e \cdot 10^{-4}}{1 \cdot 4 \cdot \pi \cdot \beta_i \cdot \epsilon_i} \cdot F\left(\frac{\sigma_e}{\beta_e}\right)$$

$$L_0 = 6.079 \times 10^{29}$$

Electron - ion Beam-Beam tune shift

$$\xi_e := \frac{N_i Z \cdot r_p}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot \epsilon_e} \cdot \frac{1}{\gamma_e}$$

$$\xi_e = 0.604$$

Ion - electron Beam-Beam tune shift:

$$\xi_j := \frac{N_e Z \cdot r_p}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot A \cdot \epsilon_i} \cdot \frac{1}{\gamma_i}$$

$$\xi_j = 5.742 \times 10^{-4}$$

Ion - ion Beam-Beam tune shift:

$$\xi_{ji} := \frac{N_i Z^2 \cdot r_p}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot A \cdot \epsilon_i} \cdot \frac{1}{\gamma_i}$$

$$\xi_{ji} = 3.024 \times 10^{-3}$$

Lasslett tune shift

$$\Delta v_L := \frac{Z^2}{A} \cdot \frac{N_i \cdot r_p}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot \gamma_i^3 \cdot \epsilon_i} \cdot \frac{C}{\sigma_i \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot \pi}}$$

$$\Delta v_L = 2.035 \times 10^{-3}$$

Disruption parameter of electron beam by ions:

$$D_e := 2 \cdot \xi_e \cdot \frac{\sigma_i}{\beta_i}$$

$$D_e = 0.262$$

Angular spread generated by disruption:

$$x_{prime} := \frac{D_e \cdot \sqrt{\beta_i \cdot \epsilon_i}}{\sigma_i}$$

$$x_{prime} = 1.948 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\sigma_{pe} := \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_i}{\beta_i}}$$

$$\sigma_{pe} = 1.614 \times 10^{-4}$$

Electron beam's intrinsic angular spread:

Ratio of disruption and e-beam intrinsic angular spreads:

$$DR := \frac{x_{prime}}{\sigma_{pe}}$$

$$DR = 1.207$$

Multiple IBS [1/s] (based on expression developed by Jie Wei, taken from a manuscript by W. Fischer et.al.):

$$Libs := 10$$

$$I(x) := \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x(x-1)}} \cdot \operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x}}\right) & \text{if } (x \geq 1) \\ \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{x(1-x)}} \cdot \operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1-x}{x}}\right) \right] & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$FF(x) := \frac{(1 + 2 \cdot x) \cdot I(x) - 3}{1 - x}$$

$$\text{Factor} := \frac{Z^4 \cdot N_i}{A^2} \cdot \frac{r_p^2 \cdot Libs \cdot c}{8 \pi \cdot \gamma_i^4 \cdot \epsilon_i^2 \cdot \sigma_i \cdot \delta_i}$$

$$d := \frac{Dx \cdot \delta_i}{\sqrt{\sigma_{ih}^2 + Dx^2 \cdot \delta_i^2}}$$

$$a := \frac{\beta_{ih} \cdot d}{Dx \cdot \gamma_i}$$

$$b := \frac{\beta_{iv} \cdot \sigma_{ih}}{\beta_{ih} \cdot \sigma_{iv}} \cdot a$$

$$d = 0.316$$

$$a = 0.107$$

$$b = 0.105$$

$$\chi := \frac{a^2 + b^2}{2}$$

$$\chi = 0.011$$

$$\Lambda_h := \text{Factor} \cdot FF(\chi) \cdot \left(d^2 - \frac{a^2}{2} \right)$$

$$\Lambda_h^{-1} = 9.901 \times 10^3$$

$$\Delta v := -\text{Factor} \cdot \text{FF}(\chi) \cdot \frac{b^2}{2}$$

$$\Delta v^{-1} = -1.687 \times 10^5$$

$$\Delta l := \text{Factor} \cdot \text{FF}(\chi) \cdot (1 - d^2)$$

$$\Delta l^{-1} = 1.034 \times 10^3$$

Electron cooling beam parameters:

$$E_c := \frac{mc^2 \gamma_i}{10^6}$$

$$E_c = 54.478$$

Energy [MeV]

Number of electrons:

$$N_c := \frac{Q_c}{q}$$

$$N_c = 6.241 \times 10^{10}$$

Beam length [m]:

$$\sigma_c := \sigma_i$$

$$\sigma_i = 0.2$$

Cooler peak current (Amperes):

$$I_c := Q_c \cdot \frac{c}{\sigma_c \cdot \sqrt{2\pi}}$$

$$I_c = 5.98$$

Avg. Cooler current (Amperes):

$$I_{ca} := Q_c \cdot \frac{c}{l}$$

$$I_{ca} = 0.282$$

$$\delta_c := 1 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \frac{0.003}{\sigma_c}$$

Energy spread [DE/E]:

$$\delta_c = 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$$

Normalized emittance [m*rad]:

$$\epsilon_{cn} := \frac{Q_c}{1.6 \cdot 10^{-9}} \cdot 6 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$\epsilon_{cn} = 3.75 \times 10^{-5}$$

b-function of ion beam in the cooling region [m]:

$$\beta_{ic} := 6c$$

b-function of the cooling beam [m]:

$$\beta_c := \frac{\beta_{ic} \cdot \epsilon_i \cdot \gamma_i}{\epsilon_{cn}}$$

$$\beta_c = 4.094$$

Cooling beam radius [m]

$$r_c := \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_{cn} \cdot \beta_c}{\gamma_i \cdot \beta(\gamma_i)}}$$

$$r_c = 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$n_c := \frac{N_c}{\pi \cdot r_c^2 \cdot \sigma c}$$

$$n_c = 6.898 \times 10^{16}$$

Beam density [1/m^3] (in lab frame):
Plasma frequency (in moving frame)

$$\omega_p := c \cdot \sqrt{4 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{n_c}{\gamma_i} \cdot r_e}$$

Compare Debye shielding time to time of flight
thru the cooler section (both in moving frame):

$$\frac{1}{\omega_p} = 6.968 \times 10^{-10}$$

ω_p

$$\frac{l_c}{c \cdot \gamma_i} = 9.386 \times 10^{-10}$$

Electron cooling region length ratio:

$$\eta := \frac{l_c}{C}$$

$$\eta = 7.825 \times 10^{-3}$$

Electron longitudinal temperature [eV]:

$$T_{cl} := m c^2 \delta c^2$$

$$T_{cl} = 1.15 \times 10^{-4}$$

Electron transverse temperature [eV]:

$$T_{ct} := \frac{m c^2 \epsilon c n \cdot \gamma_i}{\beta c}$$

$$T_{ct} = 499.023$$

Debye length:

$$L_D := \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_0 \cdot k \cdot T_{ct} \cdot \gamma_i}{q \cdot n_c}}$$

$$L_D = 6.057 \times 10^{-5}$$

Ion beam longitudinal temp [eV]:

$$T_{il} := M c^2 \cdot \beta(\gamma_i)^2 \cdot \delta_i^2$$

$$T_{il} = 150.112$$

Ion beam vertical temp [eV]:

$$T_{it} := \frac{A \cdot M c^2 \cdot \beta(\gamma_i)^2 \cdot \gamma_i \cdot \epsilon_{in}}{\beta i c}$$

$$T_{it} = 8.403 \times 10^5$$

RMS speed [m/sec]:

$$V_{rms}(T, massc2) := \sqrt{\frac{T \cdot c^2}{massc2}}$$

$$V_{it} := V_{rms}(T_{it}, M c^2)$$

$$V_{it} = 8.972 \times 10^6$$

$$V_{ct} := V_{rms}(T_{ct}, m c^2)$$

$$V_{et} = 9.369 \times 10^6$$

$$V_{il} := V_{rms}(T_{il}, M_{c2})$$

$$V_{il} = 1.199 \times 10^5$$

$$V_{cl} := V_{rms}(T_{cl}, m_{c2})$$

$$V_{cl} = 4.497 \times 10^3$$

Recombination:

The effective electron temperature (eV) consist from real temperature electron beam and additional part by motion of ions

Transversal electron temperature[eV]:

$$T_{ct} = 499.023$$

Temperature due to ion speed[eV]:

$$T_{ic} := \frac{0.511 \cdot 10^6}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{V_{it}}{c} \right)^2$$

$$T_{ic} = 228.809$$

Speed due to magnetic field:

Regidity [T*m]:

$$H_p := \frac{E_c}{300}$$

$$H_p = 0.182$$

Magnet field [T]:

$$B = 1$$

Speed [m/sec]:

$$V_m := \frac{B \cdot c}{H_p} \cdot r_c$$

$$V_m = 1.981 \times 10^6$$

Temperature due to ion speed:

$$T_m := \frac{0.511 \cdot 10^6}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{V_m}{c} \right)^2$$

$$T_m = 11.158$$

$$T_{eff} := T_{ct} + T_{ic} + T_m$$

$$T_{eff} = 738.99$$

Recombination formula following Bell and Bell:

$$\alpha_{rec} := 3.02 \cdot 10^{-19} \cdot \frac{Z^2}{\sqrt{T_{eff}}} \cdot \left[\ln \left(\frac{11.32 Z^2}{\sqrt{T_{eff}}} \right) + 0.14 \left(\frac{T_{eff}}{Z^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right]$$

The life time by recombination

$$\tau_{rec} := \frac{\gamma_i^2}{n_c \cdot \alpha_{rec} \cdot \eta}$$

$$\frac{\tau_{rec}}{3600} = 10.637$$

Cooling time (s)

$$\Lambda_C := \ln \left(\frac{r_c}{r_e} \cdot \beta(\gamma_i) \cdot \gamma_i \cdot \frac{\epsilon_{in}}{\beta_{ic}} \right)$$

$$\Lambda_C = 14.476$$

$$\tau_{\text{cool}} := \frac{\gamma_i^2 \cdot A}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot r_p \cdot r_e \cdot Z^2 \cdot n_c \cdot \eta \cdot c \cdot \Lambda_C} \cdot \left(\frac{\sin \cdot \gamma_i \cdot \beta(\gamma_i)}{\beta_{\text{ic}}} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\tau_{\text{cool}} = 27.315$$

Adaptation of Parkhomchuk's expression for cooling speed:

Velocity of the electron's thermal transverse motion

$$V_{\text{et}} := c \cdot \sqrt{\frac{T_{\text{ct}}}{0.511 \cdot 10^6}}$$

Larmor radius

$$\rho_{\text{Lar}} := \frac{0.511 \cdot 10^6}{c \cdot B} \cdot \frac{V_{\text{et}}}{c}$$

$$\rho_{\text{Lar}} = 5.326 \times 10^{-5}$$

Minimum impact parameter

$$\rho_{\text{min}} := \frac{r_e \cdot Z}{\left(\frac{V_{\text{it}}}{c} \right)^2}$$

$$\rho_{\text{min}} = 2.486 \times 10^{-10}$$

Maximum impact parameter:

Ion beam size

$$\rho_i := \sqrt{\epsilon_i \cdot \beta_{\text{ic}}}$$

$$\rho_i = 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho_{\text{ft}} := V_{\text{it}} \frac{l_c}{c}$$

$$\rho_{\text{ft}} = 0.898$$

If limited by flight time:

$$\rho_D := \frac{V_{\text{it}}}{\omega_p}$$

If limited by Debye length:

$$\rho_D = 6.252 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho_{\text{max}} := \min(\rho_i, \rho_{\text{ft}}, \rho_D)$$

$$\Lambda_P := \ln \left(\frac{\rho_{\text{max}} + \rho_{\text{Lar}} + \rho_{\text{min}}}{\rho_{\text{Lar}} + \rho_{\text{min}}} \right)$$

$$\Lambda_P = 3.158$$

$$\tau_P := \frac{\gamma_i^2 \cdot A}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot r_p \cdot r_e \cdot Z^2 \cdot n_c \cdot \eta \cdot c \cdot \Lambda_P} \cdot \left(\frac{\sin \cdot \gamma_i \cdot \beta(\gamma_i)}{\beta_{\text{ic}}} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\tau_P = 125.202$$

Larmor period:

$$L_L := \gamma_i \cdot 2 \cdot \pi \cdot 511 \cdot \frac{10^6}{B \cdot c}$$

$$L_L = 1.142$$

The maximum tune shift by beam beam with electron cooling

Exist a lots variant of fitting for maximal tune shift vs. the number of turns at the cooling time Ncool or at the life time of beam. Let used simplest variant popular at BINP (close to A.N. Skrinsky estimation) :

$$N_{\text{cool}} := \frac{c \cdot \beta(\gamma_i)}{C} \cdot t_{\text{cool}}$$

$$N_{\text{cool}} = 2.136 \times 10^6$$

$$\xi_{\text{max}} := \frac{\frac{2 \cdot \pi}{1}}{N_{\text{cool}}^3}$$

$$\xi_{\text{max}} = 0.049$$

Ion*Ion

Ion = "Gold"

Atomic number of the ion

$$A = 197$$

Charge of the ion

$$Z = 79$$

Ion energy per nucleon [GeV/AMU]

$$E_{\text{nuc}} = 100$$

Ion beam energy [GeV]:

$$E_i = 1.97 \times 10^4$$

Number of ions per bunch:

$$N_i = 2 \times 10^9$$

Ions emittance, rms, [m*rad]

$$\epsilon_{in} = 2.559 \times 10^{-6}$$

(Nominal RHIC emittance, normalized rms value, is 2.3×10^{-6} m-rad for gold. Steve uses 1×10^{-6})

Ion beam energy spread

$$\delta_i = 4 \times 10^{-4}$$

Ion beam length [m]

$$\sigma_i = 0.2$$

Bunch spacing [m]

$$l = 10.65$$

Ion - ion luminosity [cm**-2 sec**-2]:

$$L_i = 4.053 \times 10^{28}$$

Ion - ion Beam-Beam tune shift:

$$\xi_{ji} = 3.024 \times 10^{-3}$$

(The nominal RHIC luminosity for gold at 10^9 particles/bunch is 9.6×10^{27})

Lasslett tune shift

$$\Delta v_L = 2.035 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\Lambda_h^{-1} = 9.901 \times 10^3$$

Multiple IBS [s]

$$\Lambda_l^{-1} = 1.034 \times 10^3$$

Peak Cooler current [A]:

$$I_c = 5.98$$

Avg. Cooler current [A]:

$$I_{ca} = 0.282$$

Cooling time [s]

$$\tau_{cool} = 27.315$$

Maximal tune shift with cooling

$$\xi_{max} = 0.049$$

(Based on Skrinsky's formula).

The life time by recombination [hours]

$$\frac{\tau_{rec}}{3600} = 10.637$$

Electron*Ion

Ion = "Gold"

Electron beam energy [GeV]:

$$E_e = 10$$

$$\gamma_e = 1.957 \times 10^4$$

Number of Electrons per bunch:

$$N_e = 3 \times 10^{10}$$

$$Q \cdot 10^9 = 4.807$$

Electron's emittance [m*rad]

$$\epsilon_{en} = 5.871 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\frac{\epsilon_{en}}{\gamma_e} = 3 \times 10^{-9}$$

Electron Beam length [m]

$$\sigma_e = 0.1$$

Ions emittance, rms, [m*rad]

$$\epsilon_{in} = 2.559 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\epsilon_{in} \cdot 18 = 4.606 \times 10^{-5}$$

Beta* of ions

$$\beta_i = 0.921$$

Beta* of electrons

$$\beta_e = 7.369$$

Electron - ion luminosity[cm^-2 s^-1]:

$$L_0 = 6.079 \times 10^{29}$$

Electron - ion Beam-Beam tune shift

$$\xi_e = 0.604$$

Electron disruption parameter

$$D_e = 0.262$$

Ion - electron Beam-Beam tune shift:

$$\xi_j = 5.742 \times 10^{-4}$$

Electron beam current (amperes):

$$\frac{Q_c}{I} \cdot c = 0.282$$

Ratio of disruption-induced and e-beam-intrinsic angular-spreads:

$$DR = 1.207$$